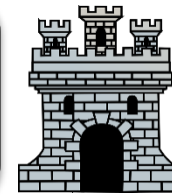


Towers, Tunnels and Turrets



Timeline

1051	January 1066	October 1066	December 1066	1085	1204-1485
Edward promised William of Normandy the throne.	Edward the Confessor dies and Harold II becomes king.	King Harold killed in Battle of Hastings making William of Normandy king.	William the Conqueror crowned at Westminster Abbey as King William I.	King William I orders the Domesday Book to be compiled.	French King Phillip II invades and conquers Normandy in 1204 so most Normans stay in England and become English. Kings continue to reign until Henry Tudor defeats Richard III at the Battle of Bosworth in 1485.

Key Vocabulary

castle	a large building protected against attack with thick walls, battlements, towers and in many cases a moat.
Battle of Hastings	a battle which took place in 1066.
United Kingdom	a country in Europe consisting of England, Wales, Scotland, Northern Ireland.
artefacts	an object made by a human being, typically one of cultural or historical interest
king	ruled and protected he country
William the Conqueror	First Norman King of England, reigning from 1066 until his death in 1087
invasion	invading a country or region with an armed force
peasants	a person of low social status
city	a large town usually containing a cathedral
market town	a town of moderate size where a regular market is held
Tattershall Castle	a castle in Tattershall Lincolnshire
knight	a man who served his sovereign or loud as a mounted soldier in armour

Things you can look at

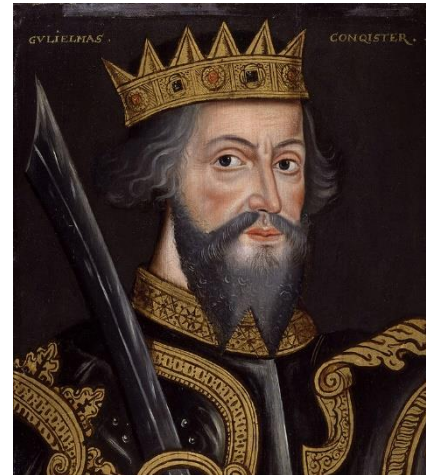
Books – Zog by Julia Donaldson

Tradition tale – Rapunzel

Useful websites –

<https://www.theschoolrun.com/homework-help/1066-the-battle-of-hastings>

<http://www.primaryhomeworkhelp.co.uk/castles/timeline.htm>



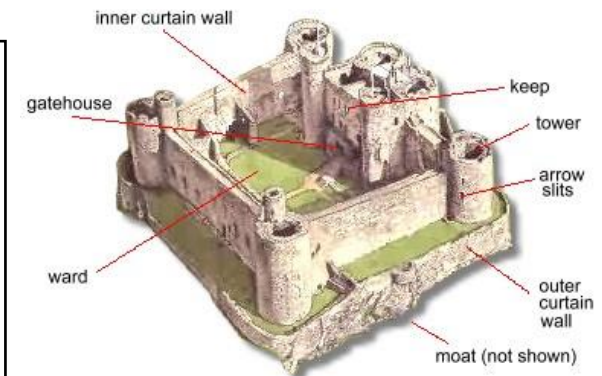
Famous Figures

William, Duke of Normandy (c.1028-1087)

Usually known as William the Conqueror, he was the first Norman King of England after his invasion from Normandy in 1066. He introduced a feudal system where all land was owned by the ruling king and given in exchange for work. A quarter of land was owned by the king as personal property, some was given to the church and the rest was leased out under strict controls. Barons, knights and villeins made up the rest of the system.

Interesting Facts

1. William the Conqueror was the Duke of Normandy before being King of England.
2. Boston market used to sell as much wool as London.
3. The word castle comes from the Latin word meaning fortress.
4. Castles used to be made from wood.
5. Lincoln castle is home to 1 of only 4 surviving copies of the Magna Carta.



Parts of a castle