

# The Boston Witham Academies Federation



## Staniland - Admission Policy 2017

Staniland Academy is part of The Boston Witham Academies Federation. The academy trust is the admission authority for the school and therefore set the admission arrangements.

Arrangements for applications for places in Reception at Staniland Academy will be made in accordance with Lincolnshire County Council's co-ordinated admission arrangements; parents resident in Lincolnshire can apply online at [www.lincolnshire.gov.uk/schooladmissions](http://www.lincolnshire.gov.uk/schooladmissions), parents resident in other areas must apply through their home local authority. Staniland Academy will use the Lincolnshire County Council's timetable published online for these applications and the relevant Local Authority will make the offers of places on their behalf as required by the School Admissions Code. A child is entitled to a full-time place in the September following their fourth birthday.

For a midyear place, an application can be made on the midyear application form or online at [www.lincolnshire.gov.uk/schooladmissions](http://www.lincolnshire.gov.uk/schooladmissions). Applications are usually made through the child's home local authority. Lincolnshire residents should contact Lincolnshire County Council for an application. Applications can be made directly through Lincolnshire by out of county residents if their home local authorities do not co-ordinate this process.

In accordance with the 1996 Education Act, the allocation of school places for children with a Statement of Special Educational Needs or Education Health and Care Plan will take place first. We will then allocate the remaining places in accordance with this policy.

Parents can request that the date their child is admitted to school is deferred until later in the academic year or until the term in which the child reaches compulsory school age.

Parents can request that their child takes up the place part-time until the child reaches compulsory school age.

For entry into Reception in September we will allocate places to parents who return an application before we consider any parent who has not returned one.

The school's admission number is 90. The oversubscription criteria will come into effect for any number greater than 90.

The oversubscription criteria are listed in order. Words marked with a number, for example 1, 2 and 3 are explained separately in the definition and notes section.

### **Oversubscription criteria**

- A. Looked after children and all previously looked after children (1).
- B. There is a brother or sister (2) at the school who will still be attending when the child is due to start. or (2) on roll at the school at the time of application.
- C. The school is the nearest one to the home (3) address, as defined in note 4.
- D. The distance from the home (3) to the school, priority will be given to the child living closest the school, as defined in note 5.

If the distance criterion is not sufficient to distinguish between two or more applicants for the last remaining place then a lottery will be drawn by an independent person, not employed by the school or working in the Children's Services Department at the Local Authority.

### **Definitions and Notes**

#### **1) Looked after children**

- A 'looked after child' is a child who is (a) in care of a local authority, or (b) being provided with accommodation by a local authority in the exercise of their social services functions (see the definition in Section 22(1) of the Children Act 1989) at the time of making an application to a school.
- Previously looked after children are children who were looked after, but ceased to be so because they were adopted (or became subject to a child arrangements order or special guardianship order).
- This includes children who were adopted under the Adoption Act 1976 (see section 12 adoption orders) and children who were adopted under the Adoption and Children's Act 2002 (see section 46 adoption orders).
- Child arrangements orders are defined in s.8 of the Children Act 1989, as amended by s.12 of the Children and Families Act 2014. Child arrangements orders replace residence orders and any residence order in force prior to 22 April 2014 is deemed to be a child arrangements order.
- Section 14A of the Children Act 1989 defines a 'special guardianship order' as an order appointing one or more individuals to be a child's special guardian (or special guardians).

#### **2) Brother or sister**

- A full brother or sister, whether or not resident in the same household. Another child normally living for the majority of term time in the same household, where an adult in the household has parental responsibility as defined by the Children Act 1989. Or any child in the household where an adult in the household is defined as a parent for the purposes of Section 576 of the Education Act 1996.

#### **Twins and other siblings from a multiple birth**

- In these cases all the children will be considered together as one application. If one or more can be admitted within the published admission number the school will be allowed to go above its admission number as necessary to admit all the children, unless this would make the class too large. The government's school admissions code makes an exception to the infant class limit in this situation.

### **Brothers and sisters in the same year group**

- Where there is only one place available in the school the children will be considered together as one application. The school will be allowed to go above its admission number as necessary to admit all the children except in cases where infant class regulations prevent this from happening. If this happens we can only legally offer one place because the government's school admissions code makes no exception to the infant class size limit for siblings in the same year group. We will offer the parent one place for one child and a different school for the other child or children.

### **3. Home address**

- By home address we mean the address where the child lives for the majority of term time with a parent as defined in section 576 of the Education Act 1996 who has parental responsibility for the child as defined in the Children Act 1989.
- Where a child lives normally during the school week with more than one parent at different addresses, the home address for the purposes of school admissions will be the one where the child spends the majority of term time. If a parent can show that their child spends an equal amount of time at both addresses during school term time, they can choose which address to use on the application.
- If a parent has more than one home, we will take as the home address the address where the parent and child normally live for the majority of the school term time.

### **4. Nearest school**

- The nearest school is found by measuring the distance from your home address to all schools admitting children in the relevant year group by driving distance along public highways. Measurements are made electronically along public highways from the post office address point of the home to the post office address point of the school.

### **5. Nearest address to the school**

- The nearest address to the school is found by measuring the distance from your address to the school by driving distance along public highways. Measurements are not made to any other school. Measurements are made electronically along public highways from the post office address point of the home to the post office address point of the school, which is calculated by Lincolnshire County Council.

### **Admission of children outside their normal age group**

Parents may seek a place for their child outside of their normal age group, for example, if the child is gifted and talented or has experienced problems such as ill health.

Parents wishing to make these requests must contact their home local authority for guidance on the procedure to follow.

It is important for parents to note that they will have the opportunity and responsibility to provide whatever evidence they wish to support their request.

Staniland Academy will make decisions on the basis of the circumstances of each case and in the best interests of the child concerned.

This will include taking account of:

- the parent's views;
- any available information about the child's academic, social and emotional development;
- where relevant, their medical history and the views of a medical professional;
- whether they have previously been educated out of their normal age group;
- any evidence that the child may naturally have fallen into a lower age group if it were not for being born prematurely;
- the views of the head teacher.

### **Reserve Lists**

For admission into the intake year the governors will keep a waiting list which we call a reserve list.

If we have to refuse a place at our school your child is automatically put on the reserve list, unless you have been offered a higher preference school.

This list is in the order of the oversubscription criteria, as required by the school admissions code. This means that names can move down the list if someone moves into the area and is higher placed under the oversubscription criteria. The governors must not take account of the time you have been on the list.

For the intake year the list is kept by the Schools Admission Team until the end of August.

After this the school admissions code requires that schools keep the reserve list until the end of the autumn term.

### **Appeals**

The procedures for appeals relating to admissions will be in accordance with all relevant legislation. They are independent and entirely separate from the admission system. The decision of the appeal panel is binding on all parties. You should send your appeal to the school by the required date.

### **Fair Access Protocol**

Local Authorities are required to have Fair Access Protocols in order to make sure that unplaced children who live in the home local authority, especially the most vulnerable, are offered a place at a suitable school as quickly as possible. This includes admitting children above the published admissions number to schools that are already full.

### **Children of UK Service Personnel (UK Armed Forces)**

For families of service personnel with a confirmed posting to the area, or crown servants returning to live in the area from overseas, the Governors will:

- Allocate a place in advance of the family arriving in the area provided the application is accompanied by an official letter that declares a relocation date and a Unit postal address or quartering area address to use when considering the application against the school's oversubscription criteria.
- Accept a Unit postal address or quartering area address for admissions purposes for a service child.

The Governors will not refuse a service child a place because the family does not currently live in the area.

### **Final Tiebreaker**

If two or more children are tied for the last place a lottery will be drawn by an independent person, not employed by the school or working in Children's Service Directorate at the local authority.

### **Fraudulent or Misleading Applications**

As an admission authority we have the right to investigate any concerns we may have about your application and to withdraw the offer of a place if we consider there is evidence that you have made a fraudulent claim or provided misleading information, for example a false address was given which denied a place to a child with a stronger claim. We reserve the right to check any address and other information provided so we can apply the oversubscription criteria accurately and fairly.

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