Staniland's Long Term Map - Year 6 Maths (2023/2024)

|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 |  | ek 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week $12$ | Week 13 | Week 14 | Week 15 | Week 16 |  | Week |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autum <br> n | Number: Place Value (N.B. Week 1 is only four days) |  |  |  | Number: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division |  |  | Half Term |  | Half Term | Number: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division |  | Number: Fractions (Week 16-3 days) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Spring | Number: Fractions | Number | Decimals | Number: Percentages |  | Number: <br> Ratio | Half Term | Number: Algebra |  |  | Measure: <br> Area, perimeter and volume |  | Measure: Converting units: | Statistics | End of term Easter | End of term Easter |  |  |  |  |
| Summe $r$ | Geometry: Properties of Shape |  |  | Geometry: <br> Position and <br> Direction Consolidation |  |  | Half term | Consolidation (see non-negotiables) and bridging unit for Year 7 Geometry: Properties of Shape Geometry: Position and Direction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | End of term Summer | $\begin{aligned} & \text { End of } \\ & \text { term } \\ & \text { Summer } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Number and Place Value |  |  |  |  |  |  | AU | SP | SU | Measures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | AU | SP | SU |
| - Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 and determine the value of each digit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Convert between miles and kilometres |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Round any whole number toa required degree of accuracy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Recognise when iti s possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Addition and Subtraction \& Multiplication and Division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres ( $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) and cubic metres ( $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ ), and extending to other units [for example, $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{km}^{3}$ ]. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Properties of Shape |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Recognise, describe and build simple 3-D Shapes, including making nets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Compare and clasify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Illustrate and name parts of ircles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Recognise angles where they meet ata point, are on a stright line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Position and Direction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multipication and division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fractions (including decimals and percentages) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Statistics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Compare and order fractions, including fractions $>1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Calculate and interpret the mean as an average. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Algebra |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in in its simplest form [for example, $1 / 4 \times 1 / 2=1 / 8]$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Use simple formulae |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $1 / 3 \div 2=1 / 6]$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Generate and describe linear number sequences |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, 3/8] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Express missing number problems algebraically |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10,100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Find pairs of numbers that stitsfy an equation with two unknowns |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Ratio and Proportion |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages ffor example, of measures, and such as 15\% of 360 ] and the use of percentages for comparison |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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 These are curriculum objectives and what you should be teaching from.


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